

KAISER'S MEN ARE PUSHING FORWARD

FORTUNES ARE OFFERED BY AMERICANS FOR PASSAGE ACROSS ATLANTIC IN SUB

Persons Willing to Pay \$50,000 for Trip With Germans on Return.

ALL BEING REFUSED

Company Declines to Accept Passengers—May Sail Within Ten Days.

Norfolk, Va., July 12.—It is reported here that the tug Thomas A. Tompkins is preparing to leave Baltimore for the Virginia capes. Some believe the tug is under orders to meet the German submarine boat Bremen, reported en route to an American port.

Baltimore, July 12.—The North German Lloyd has received from persons in all parts of the country offers running as high as \$50,000 for the privilege of taking passage on the submarine on her return trip. A representative of the company said today, however, that no passengers will be carried. "Most of the offers were from Americans," he said. "Scores offered between \$1,000 and \$5,000."

The unloading of the Deutschland may be completed tonight. The fact that the tug Thomas F. Timmons went into dry dock today for repairs gave rise to rumors that she was getting ready to return to the Virginia capes to convey into the Chesapeake, as she did the Deutschland, the submarine Bremen, which is reported on her way.

It was thought on the other hand that the tug's first duty would be to escort the Deutschland back to the capes. It was intimated today that the North German Lloyd officers that the Deutschland might drop another several days at Norfolk and wait for the favorable opportunity to slip out to sea.

Prepare for Return Trip.
Confident that the state department at Washington will sustain the findings of the treasury and navy officials that the Deutschland is a merchant ship and therefore entitled to all the privileges due to a belligerent owned freighter under international law, the agents of the super-submersible today went ahead with their plans for disposing of the vessel's cargo and preparations for the return voyage.

It is known that the Deutschland will take aboard a cargo of rubber and nickel. Her captain said he expected to sail "within ten days."

Already there is discussion concerning the return cargoes for other underwater liners which are expected to follow the Deutschland to American shores. These vessels, it was reliably stated, will carry back the most essential foodstuffs that Germany and Austria-Hungary need. Coffee was especially named as one of the commodities. It was also declared that the Bremen, constructed by the same company that built the Deutschland and reported from Berlin last night as about to sail, will carry drugs that are much needed in this country and which cannot be obtained from any other than German sources.

Consider Departure Question.

Washington, July 12.—State department officials today admitted they were considering the question of how to protect the government's neutrality in the matter of news of the departure of the Deutschland.

The official reports of the naval and customs officers who inspected the submarine and reported she is an unarmed merchant ship, probably will be made public by the state department tomorrow.

Pittsburgh Musician on Sub.

Pittsburgh, Pa., July 12.—Pittsburgh's little German band is no more. When the war broke out its eight members joined the German navy and seven have been killed in action. The sole survivor, Herman Kuebel, a member of the German merchant submarine Deutschland's crew, has just written to his old friend, Captain of Detectives Archibald Mackrell, here, telling of the deaths of his seven comrades. Kuebel writes that after being disabled in the naval service he entered the merchant marine and is now attached to the Deutschland.

British Grow Serious.

London, July 12.—The Daily News says the British government is dissatisfied with the German submarine status of the German submarine Deutschland. The official opinion is said to be that under existing circumstances a submarine cannot be classified as a merchant vessel at all.

"The American government faces a new and delicate problem which adds one more to the already numerous points on which a decision after the war will be imperative," the News continues.

"Even if a submarine merchantman can prove herself to be really unarmed the difficulties of supervising such a craft even in harbor, must be almost insuperable for the friendly neutral. If such a vessel chose it is fairly clear the night, with the advantages she possesses, most grossly abuse the hospitality extended to her."

Paper Rolls New Kind of Movie Films

Paris, July 12, (10:55 p. m.)—The substitution of paper rolls for celluloid films in moving picture machines, made possible by the new "cold" light discovered by the French engineer Dussaud, described to the Academy of Science by Professor Branley, with whom Dussaud studied the new light, is obtained by automatic separation of heat rays from luminous rays which occur together in all sources of light hitherto known to science.

M. Dussaud has been working on this problem for many years. The light obtained by his method is so intense that it is possible to throw images from newspaper illustrations, picture postcards and photographic prints on a screen even in a lighted room as clearly and sharply as if they were glass lantern slides.

IOWA DEMOCRATS TALK OF HARMONY

1400 Members of Party Gathered in State Convention at Des Moines Discussing Peace.

Des Moines, July 12.—Approximately fourteen hundred democrats gathered here for the state convention of the party, took up the early hours of today discussing harmony. Injection of the prohibition controversy into the pre-convention program, it is said, has caused uneasiness and fear of a party division among some delegates but the majority believe that E. T. Meredith, the gubernatorial candidate will be able to hold the convention to his wishes in the matter. Mr. Meredith, thus far has refused to state whether he will demand a prohibition plank in the state platform or whether he will be content with some other expedient.

District caucuses occupied the early hours today but interest even in the personnel of the next state committee was overshadowed by the prohibition proposition. The convention was to open shortly before 11 o'clock with the keynote address by W. E. McManus of Keokuk. The resolution committee went into session immediately after the convention was called to order. It was authoritatively asserted that the platform would read: "The faith of the party in the prohibitory law and would contain a recommendation for resubmission to the people of a constitutional amendment providing for state wide prohibition."

A plank providing for good roads also was to be inserted, it was said. It was considered probable that the plank would declare against county option in the matter of good roads. There was admittedly a difference of opinion in the matter of gold roads, form of a suffrage plank.

I. W. W. OPENS WAR ON STEEL TRUSTS

Speaker and Organizer of Society Headed for Strike Zone in Minnesota Iron Range.

Duluth, Minn., July 12.—Elizabeth Gurley Flynn, I. W. W. speaker and organizer, is in Duluth today on her way to the strike zone on the Minnesota iron ranges to assume an active part in the strike.

Miss Flynn registered at a local hotel giving her residence as New York City. She may be the advance guard of a fresh force of leaders sent for some days ago, the materialization of the promise of William D. Haywood, general secretary-treasurer of the I. W. W. to immediately replenish the ranks of range leaders and organizers depleted by arrests, she admitted.

Big posters headed "Declaration of War" and signed by Haywood, appeared on the streets here with the coming of Miss Flynn. Circulars announce that "war has been declared against the steel trusts and the independent mining companies of Minnesota by the Industrial Workers of the World."

Continuing the circulars say: "The miners are on strike in the following camps: Hibbing, 4,000; Chrischold, 2,800; Virginia, 2,500; Buhl, 1,400; Eveleth, 1,600; Gilbert, 900; Biwabik, 600; Aurora, 900; Kinney, 800, and other small camps."

"The demands are \$2.75 a day for top men. For miners, dry places, \$3; for miners, wet places, \$3.50; the eight hour day; abolition of contract labor; bi-monthly pay days; to be paid at once when discharged or leaving work."

THE WEATHER

Forecast Till 7 P. M. Tomorrow, for Rock Island, Davenport, Moline and vicinity.

Partly cloudy tonight; Thursday generally fair, continued warm. Temperature at 7 a. m. 74. Highest yesterday 97; lowest last night, 71, at 1 p. m. today 95. Velocity of wind at 7 a. m. one mile per hour. Precipitation, none. Relative humidity at 7 p. m. 24, at 7 a. m. 98, at 1 p. m. today 40. Stage of water 7.4, a rise of .3 in last 24 hours.

J. M. SHERIER, Local Forecaster.

MEXICANS IN HARD BATTLE NEAR PARRAL

Heavy Fighting Proceeding Between Carranza Forces and Villistas.

ARE AWAITING SUCCOR

De Facto Troops Reported Holding Off Foe as Reinforcements Near.

Chihuahua City, Mexico, July 12.—Heavy fighting is now proceeding between de facto government troops under General Ernesto Garcia and a large force of Villistas at Cerro Blanco some miles below Parral, according to dispatches received today by General Jacinto Trevino.

General Garcia reported that he was engaged in holding the bandits until the forces under General Matias Ramos and General Domingo Arrieta, now proceeding up the railway from Juarez, arrive. General Hilario Rodriguez, a Villista leader who joined Canuto Reyes in surrendering to the government a few months ago, has informed General Trevino that he has received a personal letter from Villa in which the bandit chief pleaded with him to return to his old allegiance and to join him in resisting the "Yankee invaders." This letter was dated June 15 at San Juan Bautista.

General Rodriguez stated he had no sympathy with efforts to divide the country and was determined to help Carranza authorities restore order. Plans for the improvement of economic conditions are being made today by foreign residents of this city. The efforts have the support of General Jacinto Trevino, commanding the Carranza army of the north who said he believes the solution of the problem lies in the resumption of the operation of the mines, smelters and other industries in the state.

In this way, he said, the government would be provided with adequate revenue to carry on its functions and that roving men who have been forced into a life of banditry could be given employment.

For foreigners, including Americans, say the proffering of a plan which will quickly revive dormant industries of Mexico will be the greatest help the American government can render the republic.

SLATE SELECTED BY STATE DEMOCRATS

Chicago, July 12.—Roger C. Sullivan and a majority of the democratic state committee, have it is said, decided to support the following incomplete slate at the September primaries:

For lieutenant governor—A. J. Cermak of Chicago.

For state treasurer—Arthur W. Charles of Carmel.

For state auditor—James J. Brady of Chicago.

For congressman-at-large—William Eliza Williams of Pittsfield.

Although there may be no formal endorsement of Governor Dunne and Secretary of State Lewis Stevenson for re-nomination, the regular organization, it is said, will not oppose them. The state committee will meet in Chicago next week to formulate campaign plans.

CLEANING UP DOES CAMP WILSON GOOD

San Antonio, Texas, July 12.—Camp Wilson is brighter, cleaner and healthier today as the result of the conclusion of a "cleaning up" campaign. General orders issued for sanitation and health in the camp of the First Infantry by Colonel Sanborn have been adopted as a model in other regiments.

"Hikes" today increased in intensity although not in time away from camp. Rest periods were shortened or practically eliminated from the march.

Organization of the Illinois first field artillery into regimental formation proceeded rapidly. Captain Roy Staver of C battery was appointed regimental adjutant and Lieutenant John M. Dickinson was made battalion adjutant.

DAY IN CONGRESS

SENATE.
Met at 11 a. m.
Democratic and republican leaders agreed on legislative program and to meet daily from 10 a. m. to 4:30 p. m. in an effort to adjourn by Sept. 1.

Resumed consideration of the agricultural appropriation bill.

HOUSE.
Met at 11 a. m.
Considered Kern-McGillivuddy workmen's compensation bill.

German Sub in Attack on British Port

London, July 12, (12:40 p. m.)—The English port of Seaham Harbour was attacked last night by a German submarine. About 30 rounds of shrapnel were fired.

One woman was killed. One house was struck by a shell.

The official announcement says: "At 10:30 o'clock last night a German submarine appeared off the small undefended port of Seaham Harbour, on the North sea, six miles southeast of Sunderland and a coal shipping port. She approached within a few hundred yards of the town and then opened fire. Some thirty rounds of shrapnel were fired from a 3-inch gun. Twenty rounds fell in the direction of Daltondale, a dozen rounds fell in and about Seaham colliery."

"A woman walking through the colliery yards was seriously injured and died this morning. One house was struck by a shell. No other damage was done."

Berlin, July 12 (by wireless to Sarville).—Two German aeroplanes made an attack on the channel ports of Calais on Monday night, it was announced officially today. They dropped bombs on the port and on army encampments.

The admiralty gave out the following:

"Two German naval aeroplanes on the night of July 10-11 dropped bombs on Calais and the troop camps at Bray-Dunes (near the Belgian frontier)."

"The aeroplanes returned undamaged."

NEED MORE TROOP SUPPLY STATIONS

Brigadier General Sharpe Urges Establishment of Quartermaster Depot in East District.

Washington, July 12.—A proposal that an army quartermaster depot be established in each congressional district to hasten equipment of national guard troops called in an emergency, probably will grow out of recent mobilization activities. Delay in supplying the men with clothing and camp equipment, said Brigadier General Henry G. Sharpe, acting head of the quartermaster corps today, is due to the present depot system and not to a shortage.

General Sharpe has sought for years to have an extensive depot warehouse system established. It is not necessary to send mobilization supplies from Philadelphia, St. Louis or San Francisco.

With the congressional district warehouse plan in operation, army officials believe, a record could be made of each man's requirements as he enlisted and orders be filled with little delay. It is also pointed out that reserve soldiers and non commissioned officers could care for supplies in storage, insuring proper handling and distributing of resources with least expense.

DISCOVER MORE PLAGUE VICTIMS

Three Suspected Cases in Illinois Are Confirmed—Death Lists Continue to Grow.

Springfield, Ill., July 12.—Three suspected cases of infantile paralysis, one each at Prospect, Eureka and between Cherry and La Moille, were confirmed by the Illinois state board of health today bringing the total number of confirmed cases in the state to 26.

Two suspected cases, one at Collinsville and one at Winchester, were found not to be infantile paralysis. Eight cases are still under investigation.

Belleville, Ill., July 12.—The illness of Anna Schmidtmitt, 22 months old, was diagnosed today as infantile paralysis. This is the fifth case reported by Belleville physicians. There have been no deaths.

New Haven, Conn., July 12.—One case of infantile paralysis was reported in Bridgeport today.

San Francisco, July 12.—Theatre managers enlisted themselves today in a campaign to cooperate with the city health authorities for the prevention of the spread of infantile paralysis.

Two medical inspectors paid by theatre managers were to be appointed at once to enforce regulations adopted for the protection of patrons.

New York, July 12.—Despite the worst heat wave of the season, the epidemic of infantile paralysis took a goodly trip to the better today. During the 24 hours preceding 10 o'clock this morning only 17 deaths from the disease were reported in the five boroughs of New York City. There were 162 new cases.

Ford to Be Prohib Nominee.

Chicago, July 12.—Henry Ford of Michigan will be nominated for president on the first ballot by the prohibition party at its national convention, to be held in St. Paul July 18 to 21, if he will accept. This is the opinion of party leaders who held a conference here today.

GERMANS FORCE Foe BACK BY COUNTER ATTACKS AND MAKE GAIN BRITISH ADMIT

Yankee Ship Gold Shell Is Mine Victim

Paris, July 12, (1:22 p. m.)—The American steamship Gold Shell, with a cargo of oil, struck a mine on Monday night and was badly damaged. She was kept afloat until she entered the mouth of the Gironde, where she is being lightered.

The Gold Shell struck the mine at a point 20 miles west of the island of Cordouan, off the mouth of the Gironde. The forward part of the hull was partly wrecked.

The Gold Shell, Captain Hayes, sailed from New Orleans June 20 and Newport News June 27 for Bordeaux. She is a tank steamer of 8,000 tons gross, built this year and owned by C. H. Ruhl of New York.

DADY COMPLETES STATE ARGUMENT

Attorney of Prosecution Finishes Talk to Jury Barring Orpet—Potter Begins Address.

Waukegan, Ill., July 12.—State's Attorney Ralph H. Dady perspired freely as he resumed his argument in the Orpet trial today.

By the aid of a blue print on the wall Mr. Dady traced the footprints in the snow of Helm's woods as they appeared Feb. 10, the day after Marian Lambert's death.

"At the Three Oaks," said the lawyer, "Orpet persuaded Marian to take the poison. He was unable to stand the strain of her death throes and his tracks lead off alone for 144 feet to a cluster of four trees. Here the tracks show how he walked up and down, waiting until he thought she was dead. Then he went back. There is no other explanation. He and Marian were absolutely alone and their tracks were still distinct when Fred Wenban traced them the next day. If this defendant, as he testified, turned back as he was walking away and returned to the body, we can account for that frightened pacing up and down behind the four trees only by a miracle."

Ralph F. Potter, for the defense, followed Mr. Dady.

MANY TESTIFY IN HAINES WILL CASE

Chicago, July 12.—Robert J. Haines was physically and mentally incapacitated during the last years of his life, business men of St. Charles testified today at the taking of testimony before Master in Chancery Frank Hamlin in the suit to break the will of the late St. Charles millionaire. Mr. Haines left his estate to the Mercy hospital of Chicago and the St. Charles public schools and natural heirs are asking that the instrument be declared void and the estate distributed by law.

FLORIDA TOURISTS ON LAST LAP OF TRIP

Danville, Ill., July 12.—The automobile party of Lake county, Florida tourists, who are making the first cross-country trip over the Dixie highway, left Danville early this morning for Chicago on the last lap of their journey. They were accompanied as far as Waukegan by an escort of a dozen automobiles from this city.

Latest Bulletins

Ottawa, Ill., July 12.—Three hundred striking cement workers engaged in a riot at La Salle this morning. They attacked Chief of Police Thomas Doyle and the other officers and took stars and clubs away from the police. Sheriff Davis of Ottawa reported today that the situation at La Salle and Oakley is very critical. He may have to call on the state for help.

Elgin, Ill., July 12.—Mrs. H. J. Fisher, wife of H. J. Fisher of the Chicago Herald, was instantly killed north of Elgin today by the overturning of an automobile driven by Miss Laura Babcock of Chicago. Miss Babcock's arm was fractured and Mr. Fisher was badly bruised and shaken but not seriously injured. The automobile was going about twenty-five miles an hour when it struck a rut.

London, July 12.—The British government has approved of the resolution adopted by the Paris economic conference of representatives of the entente allies, according to a statement made in the house of commons this afternoon by Premier Asquith.

Soldiers of Great Britain Worsted by Reinforced Troops of Enemy.

FRENCH STOP DRIVES

Teuton Attacks on Verdun Front Fail—Paris Tells of Ground Taken.

Berlin, July 12 (via London, 12:06 p. m.)—German troops on the right bank of the river Meuse yesterday pushed forward their positions to a point nearer Souville and the Lauffee works, taking 39 officers and 2,106 men, says the official statement issued today by the German army headquarters staff.

London, July 12, (2:42 p. m.)—The Germans, heavily reinforced, delivered strong attacks against the British on the Somme front last night. They gained ground in Mametz wood and in Trones wood. An official announcement this afternoon says all the German attacks were beaten off except in Mametz and Trones woods.

English Satisfied.

Although the extent of ground which has been gained by the British offensive is not great, there is general satisfaction in England at the success attained by the army of General Haig during the 12 days of fighting and the belief exists that the advantageous positions now occupied will make possible greater achievements. The capture of Contalmaison, Mametz and Trones woods gives the British a line running almost due east and west, so that the Germans to the north can be attacked on the flank when the guns are brought up for the second phase of the operations. To the south of the river the French are in a position somewhat similar to the British and likewise can attack the German flank south of Belloy and Estrees. For the moment, however, the two armies are engaged in preparing their new positions.

Teutons Capture Damloup.

Meanwhile the Germans, renewing the attacks on Verdun, have captured Damloup battery, which they held for a time at the beginning of June. This position is the point furthest from Verdun in the French line of defense, so that its loss is not taken seriously by the French command.

In the east the Russians are engaged in heavy battles in the extreme northwestern corner of Bukovina, where they are inflicting further defeats on the army of General Pflanzer, now in command from General von Bock's forces to the north and also along the Stokhod river, where the Austrians and Germans are putting up formidable resistance. The Stokhod is a shallow river but marshes on either side impede movements of the troops and guns.

Across the river fighting is in progress near Svidniki while to the south another force is advancing on Kovel.

German Attacks Fail.

Paris, July 12, (2:45 p. m.)—The Germans delivered two attacks last night on a French position in the neighborhood of Dead Man's Hill on the Verdun front. Today's war office announcement says both assaults failed, breaking down under French fire. East of the Meuse the French retook part of the ground won by the Germans yesterday.

In the operations east of the Meuse the French took 80 prisoners of whom one is an officer.

There were no developments last night on the Somme front.

The French conducted successful raids in the Champagne and in Lorraine.

French War Report.

The statement follows: "On both banks of the river Somme last night passed quietly."

"In the Champagne district we captured some prisoners in the course of a small operation near Corney. Also we delivered successful surprise attacks upon trenches of the enemy between Maisons de Champagne and Le Calvaire, on the north of Ville-Sur-Tourbe."

"On the left bank of the river Meuse two attacks upon one of our trenches at Dead Man Hill failed completely under our fire."

"On the right bank of the river a night counter attack delivered by our troops east of the Fumain made it possible for us to recapture a portion of the territory lost in the course of the enemy. We took 50 prisoners, including one officer."

"In the Lorraine district, sector of Reillon, we drove the Germans back from certain trenches where yesterday they secured a footing."